23rd JUNE 2016

THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

### COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

### PARTNERSHIP LEARNING

COMPANY NUMBER: 08339345

THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

## COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

# ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

PARTNERSHIP LEARNING

### INTERPRETATION

- 1. In these Articles:
  - a. Not used;
  - b. "the Academies" means all the schools and educational institutions referred to in Article 4a and operated by the Academy Trust (and "Academy" shall mean any one of those schools or educational institutions);
  - c. "Academy Financial Year" means the academic year from 1<sup>st</sup> of September to 31<sup>st</sup> of August of the following year;
  - d. "the Academy Trust" means the company intended to be regulated by these Articles and referred to in Article 2;
  - e. "the Articles" means these Articles of Association of the Academy Trust;
  - f. "Chief Executive Officer" means such person as may be appointed by the Trustees as the Chief Executive Officer of the Academy Trust;
  - g. Not used;
  - h. "clear days" in relation to the period of a notice means the period excluding the day when the notice is given or deemed to be given and the day on which it is given or on which it is to take effect;
  - "Clerk" means the clerk to the Trustees or any other person appointed to perform the duties of the clerk to the Trustees, including a joint, assistant or deputy clerk;
  - j. "financial expert" means an individual, company or firm who is authorised to give investment advice under the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000;
  - k. Not used;
  - I. Not used;

- m. "Local Authority Associated Person" means any person associated (within the meaning given in section 69(5) of the Local Government and Housing Act 1989) with any local authority by which the Academy Trust is influenced;
- n. "Local Governing Bodies" means the committees appointed pursuant to Articles 100-101A and 104 (and "Local Governing Body" means any one of these committees);
- "Member" means a member of the Academy Trust and someone who as such is bound by the undertaking contained in Article 8;
- p. "the Memorandum" means the Memorandum of Association of the Academy Trust;
- q. "Office" means the registered office of the Academy Trust;
- r. "Parent Local Governor" means the parent memb

# OBJECTS

4. The Academy Trust's objects ("

- subject to such consents as may be required by law and/or by any contract entered into by or on behalf of the Academy Trust, to borrow and raise money for the furtherance of the Objects in such manner and on such security as the Academy Trust may think fit;
- m. to deposit or invest any funds of the Academy Trust not immediately required for the furtherance of its Objects (but to invest only after obtaining such advice from a financial expert as the Trustees consider necessary and having regard to the suitability of investments and the need for diversification);
- n. to delegate the management of investments to a financial expert, but only on terms that:

i.

- be employed by, or receive any remuneration from the Academy Trust (other than the Chief Executive Officer to the extent he or she is a Trustee, whose employment and/or remuneration is subject to the procedure and conditions in Article 6.8); or
- d. receive any other financial benefit from the Academy Trust;
- e. unless:
  - i. the payment is permitted by Article 6.7 and the Trustees follow the procedure and observe the conditions set out in Article 6.8; or
  - ii. the Trustees obtain the prior written approval of the Charity Commission and fully comply with any procedures it prescribes.
- 6.7 Subject to Article 6.8, a Trustee may:
  - receive a benefit from the Academy Trust in the capacity of a beneficiary of the Academy Trust;
  - b. be employed by the Academy Trust or enter into a contract for the supply of goods or services to the Academy Trust, other than for acting as a Trustee;

4.76 Tm/GS7 gs0 g/GS8[( )] T a 50 0 1 445.18 794610(tin)-Tm/GS7 gs0 127iti048i6 0 1 21Tm0

- i. his or her employment, remuneration, or any matter concerning the contract, payment or benefit; or
- ii. his or her performance in the employment, or his or her performance of the contract; or
- iii. any proposal to enter into any other contract or arrangement with him or her or to confer any benefit upon him or her that would be permitted under Article 6.7; or
- iv. any other matter relating to a payment or the conferring of any benefit permitted by Article 6.7;
- the Trustee does not vote on any such matter and is not to be counted when calculating whether a quorum of Trustees is present at the meeting;
- d. save in relation to employing or contracting with the Chief Executive Officer (to the extent he or she is a Trustee), the other Trustees are satisfied that it is in the interests of the Academy Trust to employ or to contract with that Trustee rather than with someone who is not a Trustee. In reaching that decision the Trustees must balance the advantage of employing a Trustee against the disadvantages of doing so (especially the loss of the Trustee's services as a result of dealing with the Trustee's conflict of interest);
- e. the reason for their decision is recorded by the Trustees in the minute book; and
- f. a majority of the Trustees then in office have received no such payments or benefit.

6.8A The provision in Article 6.6 (c) that no Trustee may be employed by or receive any remuneration from the Academy Trust (other than the Chief Executive Officer to the extent he or she is a Trustee) does not apply to an employee of the Academy Trust who is subsequently elected or appointed as a Trustee save that this Article shall only allow such a Trustee to receive remuneration or benefit from the AcademerationsuchBT 5bnefef4Eo680

12

9. If the Academy Trust is wound up or dissolved and after all its debts and liabilities (including any under section 2 of the Academies Act 2010) have been satisfied there remains any property it shall not be paid to or distributed among the Members of the Academy Trust (except for a Member which is itself a charity fulfilling the criteria set out below), but shall be given or transferred to some other charity or charities having objects similar to the Objects which prohibits the distribution of its or their income and property to an extent at least as great as is imposed on the Academy Trust by Article 6 above, chosen by the Members of the Academy Trust at or before the time of dissolution and if that cannot be done then to some other charitable object.

10. Not used.

11. No alteration or addition shall be made to or in the provisions of the Articles which would have the effect (a) that the Academy Trust would cease to be a company to which sect

b.

#### **PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS**

23. No business shall be transacted at any meeting unless a quorum is present. A Member counts towards the quorum by being present either in person or by proxy. Two persons entitled to vote upon the business to be transacted, each being a Member or a proxy of a Member or a duly authorised representative of a Member organisation shall constitute a quorum.

24. If a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting, or if during a meeting a quorum ceases to be present, the meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place or to such time and place as the Trustees may determine.

25. The Members present and entitled to vote at the meeting shall elect by ordinary resolution one of their number to be the chairman and such election shall be binding on all Members and Trustees present at the meeting.

26. Not used.

27. A Trustee shall, notwithstanding that he is not a Member, be entitled to attend and speak at any General Meeting or Annual General Meeting.

28. The chairman may, with the consent of a majority of the Members at a meeting at which a quorum is present (and shall if so directed by the meeting), adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business which might properly have been transacted at the meeting had the adjournment not taken place. When a meeting is adjourned for fourteen days or more, at least seven clear days' notice shall be given specifying the time, date and place of the adjourned meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted. Otherwise it shall not -3(d)-3(jo)8] TJETBT1 0 42ss tuthsese bnd h(c)10(h t)-3()6(t )nc

17

- b. by at least two Members having the right to vote at the meeting; or
- c. by a Member or Members representing not less than one-tenth of the total voting rights of all the Members having the right to vote at the meeting.

30. Unless a poll is duly demanded a declaration by the chairman that a resolution has been carried or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost, or not carried by a particular majority and an entry to that effect in the minutes of the meeting shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution.

31. The demand for a poll may be withdrawn, before the poll is taken, but only with the consent of the chairman. The withdrawal of a demand for a poll shall not invalidate the result of a show of hands declared before the demand for the poll was made.

32. A poll shall be taken as the chairman directs and he may appoint scrutineers (who need not be Members) and fix a time, date and place for declaring the results. The result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded.

33. A poll demanded on the election of the chairman or on a question of adjournment shall be taken immediately. A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken either immediately or at such time, date and place as the chairman directs not being more than thirty days after the poll is demanded. The demand for a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on

18

has been sent to every Member. The resolution may consist of several instruments in the like form each agreed by one or more Members.

#### **VOTES OF MEMBERS**

36. On the show of hands every Member present in person shall have one vote. On a poll every Member present in person or by proxy shall have one vote.

37. Not used.

38. No Member shall be entitled to vote at any General Meeting unless all moneys then payable by him to the Academy Trust have been paid.

39. No objections shall be raised to the qualification of any person to vote at any General Meeting except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is tendered, and every vote not disallowed at the meeting shall be valid. Any objection made in due time shall be referred to the chairman whose decision shall be final and conclusive.

40. An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing, signed by or on behalf of the appointer and shall be in the following form (or in a form as near thereto as circumstances allow or in any other form which is usual or which the Trustees may approve) -

"I/We, ....., of ....., being a Member/Members of the above named Academy Trust, hereby appoint ..... of ...., or in his absence, ..... of ..... as my/our proxy to attend, speak and vote in my/our name[s] and on my/our behalf at the annual general meeting/ general meeting of the Academy Trust to

proxy to attend, speak and vote in my/our name[s] and on my/our behalf at the annual general meeting/ general meeting of the Academy Trust, to be held on .... 20[], and at any adjournment thereof.

This form is to be used in respect of the resolutions mentioned below as follows:

Resolution No. 1 \*for \* against

Resolution No. 2 \*for \* against.

Strike out whichever is not desired.

Unless otherwise instructed, the proxy may vote as he thinks fit or abstain from voting.

Signed on 20[]"

42. The instrument appointing a proxy and any authority under which it is signed or a copy of such authority certified by a notary or in some other way approved by the Trustees may:

a.

a corporation shall be valid notwithstanding the previous determination of the authority of the person voting or demanding a poll unless notice of the determination was received by the Academy Trust at the office or at such other place at which the instrument of proxy was duly deposited before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote given or the poll demanded or (or in the case of a poll taken otherwise than on the same day as the meeting or adjourned meeting) the time appointed for taking the poll.

44. Any organisation which is a Member of the Academy Trust may by resolution of its board of directors or other governing body authorise such person as it thinks fit to act as its representative at any meeting of the Academy Trust, and the person so authorised shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the organisation which he represents as that organisation could exercise if it were an individual Member of the Academy Trust.

### TRUSTEES

45. The number of Trustees shall be not less than three but (unless otherwise determined by ordinary resolution) shall not be subject to any maximum.

46. Subject to Articles 48-49 and 53, the Academy Trust shall have the following Trustees:

- a. up to 7 Trustees, appointed under Article 50; and
- a minimum of 2 Parent Trustees elected or appointed under Articles 53-56
  in the event that no Local Governing Bodies are established under Article
  100a or if no provision is made for at least 2 Parent Local Governors on
  each established Local Governing Body pursuant to Article 101A.

47. The Academy Trust may also have any Co-opted Trustee appointed under Article58.

48. The first Trustees shall be those persons named in the statement delivered pursuant to sections 9 and 12 of the Companies Act 2006.

49. Future Trustees shall be appointed or elected, as the case may be, under these Articles. Where it is not possible for such a Trustee to be appointed or elected due to the

# ACADEMY ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION MOCI(IO)-3NE

suspend a Trustee for all or any meetings of the Academy Trust, or of a committee, for a fixed period of up to 6 months where the Trustee has acted in a way that is inconsistent with the professional ethos of the board of Trustees (which shall include a failure to undertake training appropriate to their role, whether or not directed to do so by the board of Trustees) and has brought or is likely to bring the Academy Trust, any of its Academies or the office of the Trustee into disrepute.

67B. A resolution to suspend a Trustee from office does not have effect unless the matter is specified as an item of business on the agenda for the meeting.

67C. Before a vote is taken on a resolution to suspend a Trustee, the Trustee proposing the resolution must at the meeting state the reasons for doing so. In addition the Trustee who is the subject of the resolution must be given the opportunity to make a statement in response before withdrawing from the meeting.

67D. Nothing in Articles 67A-C may be read as affecting the right of a Trustee who has been suspended to receive notices of, and agendas and reports or other papers for, meetings of the board of Trustees during the period of their suspension.

67E. A Trustee may not be disqualified from continuing to hold office for failure to attend any meeting of the board of Trustees under Article 70 while suspended under Article 67A.

### **DISQUALIFICATION OF TRUSTEES**

68.

- he has been declared bankrupt and/or his estate has been seized from his possession for the benefit of his creditors and the declaration or seizure has not been discharged, annulled or reduced; or
- b. he is the subject of a bankruptcy restrictions order or an interim order.

72. A person shall be disqualified from holding or continuing to hold office as a Trustee at any time when he is subject to a disqualification order or a disqualification undertaking under the Company Directors Disqualification Act 1986 or to an order made under section 429(2)(b) of the Insolvency Act 1986 (failure to pay under county court administration order).

73. A Trustee shall cease to hold office if he ceases to be a Trustee by virtue of any provision in the Companies Act 2006, is disqualified from acting as a trustee by virtue of section 178 of the Charities Act 2011 (or any statutory re-enactment or modification of that provision).

74. A person shall be disqualified from holding or continuing to hold office as a Trustee if he has been removed from the office of charity trustee or trustee for a charity by an order made by the Charity Commission or the High Court on the grounds of any misconduct or mismanagement in the administration of the charity for which he was responsible or to which he was privy, or which he by his conduct contributed to or facilitated.

75. Not used.

76. Not used.

77. A person shall be disqualified from holding or continuing to hold office as a Trustee where he has, at any time, been convicted of any criminal offence, excluding any that have been spent under the Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974 as amended, and excluding any offence for which the maximum sentence is a fine or a lesser sentence except where a person has been convicted of any offence which falls under section 178 of the Charities Act 2011.

78. After the first Academy has opened, a person shall be disqualified from holding or continuing to hold office as a Trustee if he has not provided to the chairman of the Trustees a criminal records certificate at an enhanced disclosure level under section

26

113B of the Police Act 1997.

- b. he is employed by the Academy Trust;
- c. he is removed from office in accordance with these Articles; or
- d. in the case of the vice-chairman, he is elected in accordance with these Articles to fill a vacancy in the office of chairman.

85. Where by reason of any of the matters referred to in Article 84, a vacancy arises in the office of chairman or vice-chairman, the Trustees shall at their next meeting elect one of their number to fill that vacancy.

86. Where the chairman is absent from any meeting or there is at the time a vacancy in the office of the chairman, the vice-chairman shall act as the chair for the purposes of the meeting.

87-89. Not used.

90. The Trustees may remove the chairman or vice-chairman from office in accordance with these Articles.

91. A resolution to remove the chairman or vice-chairman from office which is passed at a meeting of the Trustees shall not have effect unless:

- a. it is confirmed by a resolution passed at a second meeting of the Trustees held not less than fourteen days after the first meeting; and
- the matter of the chairman's or vice-chairman's removal from office is specified as an item of business on the agenda for each of those meetings.

92. Before the Trustees resolve at the relevant meeting on whether to confirm the resolution to remove the chairman or vice-chairman from office, the Trustee or Trustees proposing his removal shall at that meeting state their reasons for doing so and the chairman or vice-chairman shall be given an opportunity to make a statement in response.

### **POWERS OF TRUSTEES**

93. Subject to provisions of the Companies Act 2006, the Articles and to any directions given by special resolution, the business of the Academy Trust shall be managed by the Trustees who may exercise all the powers of the Academy Trust. No

28

employment or remuneration of, or the provision of any other benefit to, that Trustee as permitted by and as defined by Articles 6.5-6.8A.

### THE MINUTES

99. The minutes of the proceedings of a meeting of the Trustees shall be drawn up and entered into a book kept for the purpose by the person acting as Clerk for the purposes of the meeting; and shall be signed (subject to the approval of the Trustees) at the same or next subsequent meeting by the person acting as chairman thereof.

### COMMITTEES

100. Subject to these Articles, the Trustees:

 may appoint committees to be known as Local Governing Bodies for each Academy (and the same Local Governing Body may be appointed for more than one Academy); and function to the board of Trustees.

### DELEGATION

105. The Trustees may delegate any of their powers or functions (including the power to sub-delegate) to any Trustee, committee (including any Local Governing Body, the Chief Executive Officer or any other holder of an executive office. Any such delegation shall be made in writing and subject to any conditions the Trustees may impose, and may be revoked or altered.

105A. A Trustee, committee (including any Local Governing Body), the Chief Executive Officer or any other holder of an executive office to whom a power or function of the Trustees is delegated under Article 105 may further sub-delegate those powers or functions (or any of them) to a further person. Where any power or function of the Trustees is sub-delegated by any person to whom it has been delegated, that person must inform the Trustees as soon as reasonably practicable which powers and functions have been further delegated and to whom, and any such sub-delegation shall be made subject to any conditions the Trustees may impose, and may be revoked or altered by the Trustees.

106. Where any power or function of the Trustees has been exercised by any committee (including any Local Governing Body), any Trustee, the Chief Executive Officer any other holder of an executive office, or a person to whom a power or function has been sub-delegated under Article 105A, that person or committee shall report to the Trustees in respect of any action taken or decision made with respect to the exercise of that power or function at the meeting of the Trustees immediately following the taking of the action or the making of the decision.

### CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND PRIM-(私)(年)何mto -

### **MEETINGS OF THE TRUSTEES**

108. Subject to these Articles, the Trustees may regulate their proceedings as they think fit.

109. The Trustees shall hold at least three meetings in every school year. Meetings of the Trustees shall be convened by the Clerk. In exercising his functions under this Article the Clerk shall comply with any direction:

- a. given by the Trustees; or
- given by the chairman of the Trustees or, in his absence or where there is a vacancy in the office of chairman, the vice-chairman of the Trustees, so far as such direction is not inconsistent with any direction given as mentioned in (a).

110. Any three Trustees may, by notice in writing given to the Clerk, requisition a meeting of the Trustees; and it shall be the duty of the Clerk to convene such a meeting as soon as is reasonably practicable.

111. Each Trustee shall be given at least seven clear days before the date of a meeting:

- a. notice in writing thereof, signed by the Clerk, and sent to each Trustee at the address provided by each Trustee from time to time; and
- b. a copy of the agenda for the meeting;

provided that where the chairman or, in his absence or where there is a vacancy in the office of chairman, the vice-chairman, so determines on the ground that there are matters

shall be entitled to receive any notice from the Academy Trust.

134. A Member present, either in person or by proxy, at any meeting of the Academy Trust shall be deemed to have received notice of the meeting and, where necessary, of the purposes for which it was called.

135. Proof that an envelope containing a notice was properly addressed, prepaid and posted shall be conclusive evidence that the notice was given. Proof that a notice contained in an electronic communication was sent in accordance with guidance issued by the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators shall be conclusive evidence that the notice was given. A notice shall be deemed to be given at the expiration of 48 hours after the envelope containing it was posted or, in the case of a notice contained in an electronic communication, at the expiration of 48 hours after the time it was sent.

#### INDEMNITY

136. Subject to the provisions of the Companies Act 2006 and Article 6.3 every Trustee or other officer or auditor of the Academy Trust shall be indemnified out of the assets of the Academy Trust against any liability incurred by him in that capacity in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in favour or in which he is acquitted or in connection with any application in which relief is granted to him by the court from liability for negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the affairs of the Academy Trust.

#### RULES

137. The Trustees may from time to time make such rules or bye laws as they may deem necessary or expedient or convenient for the proper conduct and management of the Academy Trust and for the purposes of prescribing classes of and conditions of membership, and in particular but without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, they may by such rules or bye laws regulate:

 the admission and classification of Members of the Academy Trust (including the admission of organisations to membership) and the rights and privileges of such Members, and the conditions of membership and the terms on which Members may resign or have their membership terminated and the entrance fees, subscriptions and other fees or payments to be made by Members;

- the conduct of Members of the Academy Trust in relation to one another, and to the Academy Trust's servants;
- c. the setting aside of the whole or any part or parts of the Academy Trust's premises at any particular time or times or for any particular purpose or purposes;
- d. the procedure at General Meetings and meetings of the Trustees and committees of the Trustees and meetings of the Local Governing Bodies in so(n)-3(d)25.1 1807rus 1 127.58 689.97suead53(ies)ual Me i(a)ydGeus olar p L phe L(R

or elected to the office of Trustee unless his appointment or election to such office is authorised by the local authority to which he is associated.

142. If at the time of either his becoming a Member of the Academy Trust or his first appointment or election to office as a Trustee any Member or Trustee was not a Local Authority Associated Person but later becomes so during his membership or tenure as a Trustee he shall be deemed to have immediately resigned his membership and/or resigned from his office as a Trustee as the case may be.

143. If at any time the number of Trustees or Members who are also Local Authority Associated Persons would (but for Articles 139 to 142 inclusive) represent 20% or more of the total number of Trustees or Members (as the case may be) then a sufficient number of the Trustees or Members (as the case may be) who are Local Authority Associated Persons shall be deemed to have resigned as Trustees or Members (as the case may be) immediately before the occurrence of such an event to ensure that at all times the number of such Trustees or Members (as the case may be) is never equal to or greater than 20% of the total number of Trustees or Members (as the case may be). Trustees or Members (as the case may be) who are Local Authority Associated Persons shall be deemed to have resigned in order of their appointment or election date the most recently appointed or elected resigning first.

144. The Members will each notify the Academy Trust and each other if at any time they believe that the Academy Trust or any of its subsidiaries has become subject to the influence of a local authority (as described in section 69 of the Local Government and Housing Act) 1989.

39

### THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

### & COMPANIES (REGISTRATION) REGULATIONS 2008 (SI 2008/3014)

A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

OF

The Partnership Learning Trust

THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

& COMPANIES (REGISTRATION) REGULATIONS 2008 (SI 2008/3014)

SCHEDULE 2

#### A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

#### Regulation 2(b)

#### MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF

The Partnership Learning Trust Each subscriber to this memorandum of association wishes to form a company under the Companies Act 2006 and agrees to become a member of the company.

Name of each subscriber Authentication by each subscriber

Name:	Daniel Singleton	Signature:	
	[On Behalf Of:		]
Name:	Peter Joseph McPartland [On Behalf Of:	Signature:	]
Name:	Angela Moore [On Behalf Of:	Signature:	]

Dated